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DOCKET NO.: UPN-3617/J1546 **Application No.:** 09/673,049 **Office Action Dated:** April 2, 2003

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

Listing of Claims:

1. (Previously presented) A method for imaging blood flow, comprising the steps of: perturbing arterial spins of blood flowing into a sample by applying a constant RF irradiation together with a magnetic field gradient;

waiting a transit delay period before acquiring a first image of the sample; acquiring the first image of the sample;

applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation with a magnetic field gradient which, together, mimic the effects of constant RF radiation unrelated to blood flow;

acquiring a second image of the sample;

generating a difference signal based on the first image and the second image that represents a blood flow image of blood flowing into the sample; and

determining a duration of the transit delay period so as to permit blood having perturbed arterial spins to flow into a tissue, thus causing the blood flow image to be representative of perfusion.

2-4. (Canceled)

5. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of acquiring the first image and the step of acquiring the second image each comprises detecting a magnetic resonance signal reflected off of the sample.



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6. (Original) The method of claim 5, wherein the magnetic resonance signal is an analog signal, the method further comprising the steps of:

digitizing the magnetic resonance signal to form a digital magnetic resonance signal; and

measuring the blood flow into the sample based on the digital magnetic resonance signal.

7. (Original) The method of claim 1, wherein the step of applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation comprises applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation having a modulation frequency in the range of about 62.5 Hz to about 500 Hz.

8. (Original) The method of claim 7, wherein the step of applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation comprises applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation having a modulation frequency of about 62.5 Hz.

9. (Previously presented) A method for imaging blood flow, comprising the steps of:

perturbing arterial spins of blood flowing into a sample by applying a constant RF irradiation together with a magnetic field gradient;

waiting a transit delay period before acquiring a first image of the sample; acquiring the first image of the sample;

applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation with a magnetic field gradient which, together, mimic the effects of constant RF radiation unrelated to blood flow;

acquiring a second image of the sample; and

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generating a difference signal based on the first image and the second image that represents a blood flow image of blood flowing into the sample; and

determining a duration of the transit delay period so as to ensure that blood having perturbed arterial spins remains in a blood vessel of the sample, thus causing the blood flow image to be representative of large vessel blood flow.



10. (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of acquiring the first image and the step of acquiring the second image each comprises detecting a magnetic resonance signal reflected off of the sample.

11. (Previously presented) The method of claim 10, wherein the magnetic resonance signal is an analog signal, the method further comprising the steps of:

digitizing the magnetic resonance signal to form a digital magnetic resonance signal; and

measuring the blood flow into the sample based on the digital magnetic resonance signal.

12. (Previously presented) The method of claim 9, wherein the step of applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation comprises applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation having a modulation frequency in the range of about 62.5 Hz to about 500 Hz.

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13. (Previously presented) The method of claim 12, wherein the step of applying

amplitude modulated RF irradiation comprises applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation

having a modulation frequency of about 62.5 Hz.

14. (Previously presented) A method for imaging blood flow, comprising the steps of:

perturbing arterial spins of blood flowing into a sample by applying a constant RF

irradiation together with a magnetic field gradient;

acquiring a first image of the sample;

applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation with a magnetic field gradient which,

together, mimic the effects of constant RF radiation unrelated to blood flow;

acquiring a second image of the sample, wherein the step of acquiring the first image

and the step of acquiring the second image each comprises detecting an analog magnetic

resonance signal reflected off of the sample;

generating a difference signal based on the first image and the second image that

represents a blood flow image of blood flowing into the sample;

digitizing the magnetic resonance signal to form a digital magnetic resonance signal;

and

measuring the blood flow into the sample based on the digital magnetic resonance

signal.

15. (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, comprising the further step of waiting

a transit delay period before acquiring the first image of the sample.

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16. (Previously presented) The method of claim 15, comprising the further step of

determining a duration of the transit delay period so as to permit the blood having perturbed

arterial spins to flow into a tissue, thus causing the blood flow image to be representative of

perfusion.

17. (Previously presented) The method of claim 15, comprising the further step of

determining a duration of the transit delay period so as to ensure that blood having perturbed

arterial spins remains in a blood vessel of the sample, thus causing the blood flow image to be

representative of large vessel blood flow.

18. (Previously presented) The method of claim 14, wherein the step of applying

amplitude modulated RF irradiation comprises applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation

having a modulation frequency in the range of about 62.5 Hz to about 500 Hz.

19. (Previously presented) The method of claim 18, wherein the step of applying

amplitude modulated RF irradiation comprises applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation

having a modulation frequency of about 62.5 Hz.

20. (New) A method for imaging blood flow, comprising the steps of:

perturbing arterial spins of blood flowing into the sample by applying a constant RF

irradiation together with a magnetic field gradient;

acquiring a first image of the sample;



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applying amplitude modulated RF irradiation with a magnetic field gradient which, together, mimic the effects of constant RF radiation unrelated to blood flow;

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acquiring a second image of the sample; and

generating a difference signal based on the first image and the second image that represents a blood flow image of blood flowing into the sample.

21. (New) The method of claim 1, comprising the further step of waiting a transit delay period before acquiring the first image of the sample.